The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO, MONDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1901 XL—No 40

SPUR TO THIS CITY.

The Plan of the C., L. & M. Company.

APPLICATION FOR FRANCHISE.

It Will Follow Action on the Ordinance to Establish the Route, Now Being Considered by the Canal Fulton Council — News of Other Towns.

Canal Fulton, Dec. 26.—The village council is now considering an ordinance to establish a route for an electric line, at the request of the Canton, Lodi & Medina Company. Ex-Postmaster John Monnot, of Canton, appeared before the body Tuesday evening to urge the passage of the measure. Final action will be taken at the next meeting. Canal street is the principal thoroughfare named in the proposed route. There is some objection to allowing this street to be used for that purpose. Mr. Monnot said that if his company secures a franchise it will construct a line direct from Canton through Fulton to Medina and Lodi. Massillon, he stated, would be touched by a spur over which cars to Fulton would be run hourly, making connections with those of the main line.

URBAN HILL.

Urban Hill, Dec. 26.—The weather is more moderate than it has been the past week.

Ed. Buttermore was in Canton Saturday last.

The Christmas entertainment given at the U. B. church Tuesday evening was a success throughout.

Messrs. Wade and Ambrose Miller were in Massillon last Monday.

Thomas Overton and Mrs. Maggie Carmackel were married at the U. B. parsonage last Tuesday evening.

Cyrus Rowe spent a few days with his family this week.

Mrs. H. M. Anderson, son Walter and daughters Mary and Grace, are spending the holidays with Harrison county friends.

TRAFFIC DELAYED.

Navarre, Dec. 26.—An electric car left the rails here Christmas. The traffic was only slightly delayed, word being gotten to Massillon and another car placed upon the line.

TWO CANTATAS.

Wilmot, Dec. 26. — The United Brethren Sunday school gave a cantata Tuesday evening, and the Methodist Sunday school gave one Wednesday evening. Both were excellent entertainments.

SIPPO NEWS.

Sippo, Dec. 26.—Wallace Miller has almost entirely recovered his health. He is up and around, and improves with every day. Mr. Miller was sick unto death a few weeks ago. The doctors said he was going to die, and everybody believed he would but some faith curist friends. They anointed him and prayed for him, and immediately he began to mend.

Born, to Mr and Mrs. Edwin Rinoehl, a daughter.

STOOLMILLER-FRANK.

Two Well-Known Young People Married at Fulton.

The marriage of Miss Bessie Stoolmiller, of North Lawrence, well known in Massillon, and Fred P. Frank, of Crestline, took place at the rectory of the Catholic church at Canal Fulton at 5 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. A reception was held immediately afterwards at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Schuckers, near North Lawrence. Miss Florence Stoolmiller, sister of the bride, was the bridesmaid. The groom's best man was Edward Kelly, of Canal Fulton. About eighty guests were present at the reception. Refreshments were served by Massillon caterers, and music was furnished by a North Lawrence orchestra. Among the guests were Mrs. E. Stoolmiller and Miss Hazel Stoolmiller, of Marion, Ind. Mr. and Mrs. Frank will spend the honeymoon in Toledo and vicinity, thereafter taking up their residence in Crestline, where Mr. Frank is employed by the Pennsylvania Railway Company.

TAKEN TO GALLIPOLIS.

Anson Weidman to Undergo Treatment for Epilepsy.

Anson Weidman, of Navarre, who some time ago was brought before Mayor Wise, charged with assaulting his father, and who was released when it was shown that he is an epileptic, was Friday removed to the institution for epileptics at Gallipolis. He went quietly.

DINNER FOR 400 PEOPLE.

What Salvation Army Did for the Poor Christmas.

The Salvation Army served dinner to eighty children at its barracks, between 11 and 2 o'clock, Christmas, and also sent out 66 baskets, each containing sufficient food for five persons, so Captain Crawford estimates that 410 persons were provided with a bountiful meal by the Army. Chicken, turkey, beef, veal, stuffing, potatoes, cranberries and all the things that go with them were served in abundance. Captain Crawford says that the response to the army's request for donations for the Christmas dinner was very liberal. About $100 in money, he says, was contributed.

The children were given candy, oranges and nuts Wednesday evening. There was also a brightly arrayed tree, on which were hung presents for all. The presents were distributed by each child going to the platform as his name was called.

A DAY OF DELIGHT.

Christmas Made Happy for Hospital Patients.

A BIG DINNER IS SERVED.

No Turkey or Chicken, but Oysters by the Tubful—Joy Runs Unconfined at the Entertainment—In His Excess One Man Attempting to Eat of His Coat.

The presents for the state hospital patients included almost everything from a jumping jack to a suit of clothing. The distribution, which took place at William McKinley hall, Tuesday evening, was interesting. The presents were all piled up about the enormous Christmas tree, which stood upon the stage, brilliant in its dress of scintillating ornaments and incandescents in colored globes. One by one the patients were called to the stage to receive their packages. Every patient received a present. Most of them came from the friends and relatives, though the state also contributed many.

The entertainment by the shadowgraph man was much enjoyed. He threw pictures of everything imaginable upon the canvas, and so odd and so funny were some that the patients laughed till they cried. One man's excess of joy reached such a stage that when he received his present—a new coat—he gleefully attempted to thrust it into his mouth and his fellow patents say he would have succeeded if an attendant had not been so near.

There were also some musical selections by the hospital orchestra, and a few brief remarks by Superintendent Eyman.

On Christmas, candy, oranges and nuts were distributed among the patients in all the wards. The prominent feature of the dinner was oysters. There was neither turkey nor chicken.

NATIVES OBJECT TO SALE.

Protests to be Sent to Danish Government.

St. Thomas, D. W. I., Dec. 28.—A large, orderly demonstration took place at Christiansted, island of St. Croix, D. W. I., yesterday afternoon. Resolutions were adopted urging Denmark to introduce reforms and improvements in the Danish West Indian islands and to lift the islands out of the humiliations of the past. It was also set forth that the leading inhabitants of the islands, especially the natives of standing, merchants, planters and Danish subjects generally, demand that the island be not sold, but that commercial, industrial and social reforms under the Danish flag be instituted.

ROUTE ESTABLISHED.

Granting Franchise to C., L. & M. Next Step.

The Canal Fulton council has passed the ordinance establishing a route for an electric line through the village, in accordance with the request of the Canton, Lodi & Medina Company. An ordinance to grant a franchise to this company is now being prepared, and will be passed at the next meeting. Canal street is practically the only thoroughfare named.

To Cure a Cold.

After exposure or when you feel a cold coming on, take a dose of Foley's Honey and Tar It never fails to stop a cold if taken in time. Rider & Snyder.

WANTED—Woman in every city and town to sell our toilet specialties. Good returns for right person. Address The Lemo Co., P. O. Box 59, Cleveland, O.

TO NATIONAL BOARD

Question of Miners' Back Pay is Referred.

FIGURES OF ONE SETTLEMENT.

The Massillon Coal Mining Company Pays $270 as Back Pay for the Use of Three Screens for Six Months—Question of Distribution Perplexing.

District President Robert Legg, of the United Mine Workers, has decided to refer to the national executive board the question of how to influence several former mine owners to turn over to miners alleged back pay due because of the use of screens of fewer bars and larger mesh required by the interstate agreement. The Massillon Mining Company, which has operated these mines only since June 1, has made a settlement for that period for the three mines as follows: Minglewood miners, $150; Central miners, $100; Oakwood miners, $30. The Oakwood is operated on the run-of-mine plan. But 900 tons has passed over the screen since the company has operated it. The miners claim that some of the alleged illegal screens have been in use for ten years.

The Minglewood was formerly a Mullins Company mine, the Central a Sonnhalter and the Oakwood a Ridgway Burton. If the miners can get a settlement from all the former owners on the same basis as that of the present owners, several thousand dollars will be put into their treasury. The former owners, however, seem to agree that they are not liable in the matter, and that they cannot be compelled to pay.

The question of how to equitably distribute this money is now before the miners of the Oakwood, Minglewood and Central. And this is money for but six months. There will be lots of trouble for the distributors if back pay is allowed by the former owners, as miners come and go a great deal and the obtaining of a complete and correct list of the workmen for the period would be practically impossible.

President Legg, in regard to the statement he is alleged to have recently made in regard to questioning the authority of state officials to call out the Massillon miners, said today: "My statement was that the state officials have not the power, and do not claim to have the power, to call out the Massillon miners without first submitting it to the miners themselves. The authorities naturally decide when strikes are necessary, but the men who are to do the striking have the main voice."

NIGHTS THEY MEET.

Trades Assembly Trustees Arrange a Schedule.

The trustees of the Trades and Labor Assembly have arranged the following schedule of meeting nights, which they have submitted to the locals and societies for ratification. The trustees desire that the schedule be studied carefully and that they be notified of any necessary change. For the large hall:

Monday—Eagles and Cigarmakers, alternately.

Tuesday—Foresters and Maccabees, alternately.

Wednesday— Clerks and Painters, alternately.

Thursday — Trades Assembly and Bartenders, alternately, the Bartenders to give way to assembly whenever necessary.

Friday—Home Guards, Iron Molders, Nos. 18 and 250, alternately.

Saturday—Glassblowers and Iron and Steel Workers.

FOR THE SMALL HALL

Monday—Printers and Tailors once a month each and Eagles alternately.

Tuesday—Carpenters and Barbers.

Wednesday—Electrical Workers and Federal Labor Union.

Thursday—Lady Maccabees, alternately.

Friday—Plumbers and Woodmen of the World.

Saturday—Coremakers, first.

Sunday— Brewery Workmen, first; Bakers, second; Alsace-Lorraine, third.

Editor Lynch, of the Daily Press, Philipsburg, N. J., has tested the merits of Foley's Honey and Tar with this result: "I have used a great many patent medicines in my family for coughs and colds, and I can honestly say your Honey and Tar is the best thing of the kind I have ever used and I cannot say too much in praise of it." Rider & Snyder.

A lazy liver makes a lazy man. Burdock Blood Bitters is the natural, never failing remedy for a lazy liver.

NO GAS FOR PLANTS.

Manufacturers Must Use Some Other Fuel.

The East Ohio Natural Gas Company has notified local manufacturers that their supply is to be shut off within a few days. The company says this action is necessary as a protection to the domestic consumers. The glass factories, the sand mills and other concerns have used the gas in large quantities. The glass companies are arranging to subsitute oil as fuel. Some time will be required for the change at the plants. Should the weather suddenly blow up cold, it is probable gas would be immediately shut off, and a suspension of operations result.

WANT A NEW LAW.

Assembly Favors Purchase of Produce Direct.

OPPOSED TO THE MIDDLEMAN.

Councilman Peter Smith Asked to Introduce the Necessary Measures — Union Labeled Goods to be Boomed—Other Notes of the Assembly Meeting.

The Trades and Labor Assembly held its first meeting in the new hall Thursday evening. The attendance was large.

The arbitration committee was instructed to use its influence to have local merchants handle only union made glassware. The names of concerns making non-union glassware were announced.

President Peter Smith, who represents the fourth ward in the council, was requested to take steps to repeal the present huckster's city ordinance, and introduce another allowing hucksters and farmers generally to dispose of their produce at retail on such streets as the council may see fit to designate. The assembly thinks that by this means people would be enabled to purchase fresher produce cheaper than at present.

It was decided hereafter to have a general discussion on economic questions at every meeting. The first will take place at the next meeting. It will be led by President Peter Smith.

Plans for a union label boom were discussed. Attention was again called to the fact that the purchase of every union labeled article is a stroke in favor of organized labor.

The trustees of the assembly are to meet the trustees of the affiliated organizations Sunday morning to arrange a schedule of meeting nights.

FORESTERS' HALL.

Dedicatory Exercises Held at Greenville.

IT IS FRAME AND COST $2,500.

The Lodge Contemplates Forming a Co-operative Company to Establish a General Store in the First Floor Room - The Lodge Room on Second Floor.

East Greenville, Dec. 27.—The new building of the East Greenville court of Foresters was dedicated Sunday. The exercises were held in the hall. William Morgan, deputy grand chief ranger, presided and delivered the dedicatory address. George Wampler, of this place, spoke on "Our American Institutions." The remainder of the programme consisted of music by an orchestra and individuals and recitations and declamations. Grand Chief Ranger Brunner, of Youngstown, and Grand Secretary T. L. Hopkins, of Cleveland, were prevented from being present by previous engagements.

The new building is a two-story frame structure, 30x60 feet, with a storeroom on the first floor and a hall on the second. The storeroom is not yet occupied. There is a possibility of the members of the Foresters forming a co-operative company and establishing a general store therein. The promoters argue that if such a company were to be formed it would result in a lowering of the prices of things they need if not proving a profitable investment. The building cost $2,500.

HURRY OF HICKS.

Boyd Tells the Story of His Hasty Leaving.

THE THINGS HE LEFT BEHIND.

Boyd Says All Valuable Articles, Without Respect to Rightful Ownership, Disappeared With Hicks—Another Chapter in the History of the Navarre News.

Editor Hicks, of the Navarre News, so far as anoyne knows to the contrary, vanished into thin air Thursday night. Associate Editor Boyd and some debts he leaves behind

The News has not proved a big moneymaker. Hicks first took hold of the paper, and then, it is alleged, lured Boyd from a happy home on the shore of Lake Michigan to join fortunes with him. Hicks and Boyd got together every dollar they had in the world Thursday, but there wasn't enough to buy railroad transportation to their homes. Hicks lives in Louisville, Ky. Hicks told Boyd stories of honor and honesty as he took charge of their funds, private and otherwise. "I'll go out and pay off the debts:" explained Hicks, "we've got to leave Navarre, but we're going to do it like men."

Boyd says that was the last time he saw him. The associate editor states that Hicks made a clean sweep. Everything portable, he declares, he took along, even to the straps of his valise.

Hicks tried hard to get money or free transportation in Massillon Thursday, but failed.

Among the creditors are the boarding house keepers in Navarre and Massillon, the man who owns the Navarre News room and the Massillon concern that printed the paper. Hicks and Boyd had no money invested in a plant, and the existence of their paper was largely nominal. Hicks was formerly a reporter on the Canton News Democrat.

TO SOLICIT AID.

Labor Committee to Visit Massillon.

FAMILY OF LATE MARTIN HOGAN

Mr. Hogan Lost His Life Last Summer Through a Cold Contracted While Working in Soliciting Funds for the Steel Strikers—Other Union News.

C. A. Collins, president of the Youngstown Central Labor Union, and Evan H. Davis, of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers, will call on local organized labor Sunday in the interest of the Martin A. Hogan Memorial Fund Association. Martin Hogan, with two others, last summer was appointed by President Theodore J. Shaffer, of the Amalgamated Association, to solicit funds for the strikers at Youngstown, and while thus engaged he contracted a cold resulting in death. The memorial association was recently organized by Amalgamated members at Youngstown, and a lot on Chicago avenue, in that city, will be raffled off for the benefit of Hogan's widow and children.

AN OPEN MEETING.

The Federal Labor Union will hold an open meeting at the Trades and Labor Assembly hall next Wednesday evening. All workingmen and friends of organized labor are invited to attend. Unionism and its benefits are to be discussed. The union hopes this meeting to result in large additions to its membership. The officers say that the union of common labor could become the most powerful of all if only the toilers would take the proper interest in organization.

Information Wanted.

The manufacturers of Banner Salve having always believed that no doctor or medicine can cure in every case, but never having heard where Banner Salve failed to cure ulcers, sores, tetter, eczema, or piles, as a matter of curiosity would like to know if there are such cases If so they will gladly refund the money. Rider & Snyder.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup seems especially adapted to the needs of the children. Pleasant to take; soothing in its influence; it is the great remedy of all remedies for every form of throat and lung disease.

AT THE FAIRMOUNT HOME

The Treat Provided by Massillon Gave Great Satisfaction.

M. M. Southworth, of the Fairmount Children's Home, says that the Christmas celebration provided by Massillon citizens was in every way satisfactory. Not only were there plenty of gifts for everyone on Christmas, but enough were left over to furnish a treat for New Year's. Superintendent Southworth wishes The Independent to express his gratitude to the people of Massillon.

The committee appointed by Mayor Wise to solicit funds for the celebration will make its report next week.

FORTY CENTS A DAY.

Raise in Board of Workhouse Prisoners.

THE BAR LIST IS DISTRIBUTED.

Two Hundred and Ninety-four Cases for the January Term of Common Pleas Court—Grand Jury Will Have but Few Cases to Consider.

Canton, Dec. 28.—Superintendent Yarger, of the Stark county workhouse, has been ordered to notify the commissioners of all the counties sending prisoners to the institution that all contracts expiring after March 1 will not be renewed at present rates. Heretofore the rates have varied from 22 to 40 cents per day for each prisoner, according to the length of time for which they were sentenced. After March 1 a uniform rate of 40 cents per day will be charged. Prisoners sentenced for more than 60 days will be kept for 30 cents per day after the expiration of the sixty days. Prisoners are received at the workhouse from Ashtabula, Columbiana, Holmes, Mahoning, Lorain, Tuscarawas, Summit and Stark counties.

The bar list for the January term of common pleas court has been printed and copies placed in the hands of the clerk of courts for distribution among attorneys. The list contains 294 cases which will be placed on the assignments for the term. Court will convene with Judges McCarty and Ambler presiding in court rooms No. 1 and 2, respectively, on Monday morning, January 6. The second term for the year will convene on May 5, and the third term on September 15.

The common pleas court grand jury will also convene Monday morning, January 6. The indications are that the grand jury will have but a brief session. Prosecutor Robert H. Day said that at present he did not know of more than a dozen cases to be presented to the jury for deliberation and indictments. He said the greater number of these cases were of comparatively minor importance.

Manager Charles F. Currie, of the Canton-Massillon electric railroad and the Canton & Akron road, came to Canton from Akron Friday morning with two capitalists interested in the latter road. They were shown the track that has been laid between Canton and New Berlin, being driven over the route to the latter point. The party then took the C. T. & V. train and went south, presumably to Canal Dover, to look after matters connected with the probable southern extension of the N. O. T. lines.

The Christmas dance of the Junior assembly at Schlitz hall Friday evening was a most enjoyable affair. There was a large crowd of people from Massillon and many holiday visitors increased the attendance to unusual proportions.

Canton is now considered one of the healthiest cities in the state. From January 1 of the present year up to December 27 there were but 20 deaths. Most of these were attributed to common ailments.

In the guardianship of Anna B. Kitzmiler, of Massillon, first account filed.

In the estate of Cramner Cosier, Massillon, sale of personal property approved.

In the estate of Charles A. Rudy, Massillon, Ella J. Rudy appointed administratrix.

Richard Von Schmackowsky and Lena Fenski, of Massillon, have been licensed to wed.

J. W. Bryan, of Lowder, Ill., writes: "My little boy was very low with pneumonia Unknown to the doctor we gave him Foley's Honey and Tar. The result was magical and puzzled the doctor, as it immediately stopped the racking cough and he quickly recovered." Rider & Snyder.

C. W. Lynch, Winchester, Indiana writes: "I owe the life of my boy to Foley's Honey and Tar He had membranous croup and the first dose gave him relief We continued its use and it soon brought him out of danger." Rider & Snyder.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

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THE INDEPENDENT

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,
INDEPENDENT BUILDING,
30 N. Erie Street. - - MASSILLON, O.

WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1868
DAILY FOUNDED IN 1887.
SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1896.

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE.
BOTH TELEPHONES NO. 60.

THE EVENING INDEPENDENT is on sale at Bahney's Book Store, Bamberlin's Cigar Stand (Hotel Conrad), and Bert Hankin's News stand in North Mill street

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION LABEL MASSILLON, O.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1901.

As an instance of the distant points to which American lumber is exported it is said that the contract for the timbers used in the construction of the railroad between Joppa and Jerusalem was filled by a Pearl River (Mississippi) lumber firm.

The factional quarrel now in progress at Columbus is a source of joy unspeakable to the Ohio Democracy. There have been other contests, however, the results of which were far more discreditable to the political creed of those engaged in them than will be the case with the present squabble among Republican statesmen. Whichever side wins the fight there will be no ammunition left over for the future use of the Democratic party.

Mr. Bryan has announced an intention to devote his life to the study and discussion of public questions. "I am deeply interested in the reforms I have been advocating," he says, "and I shall continue to advocate them." The newspaper field is to be the scene of this dire threat's fulfillment. "I expect to own and edit the Commoner," says Mr. Bryan, "until I die." How tremendous is the thought that when some of us are in our graves Editor Bryan will still be studying, discussing and advocating. Here is determination and egotism to the point of sublimity.

Hungary is extending its hands toward America in a new way, not by seeking a trade treaty, but by advising the United States consul at Budapest that American leather would be more acceptable if offered direct and not through German jobbers, who have a profit. As twenty per cent of the fine leather used by the shoe manufacurers in Hungary the past two years came from the United States through Germany, and was sold to advantage in spite of a new tariff and the middlemen's profit, the Hungarians ask that the Americans send over their own agents and do more business. They admit the leather from this country is the best.

President Roosevelt has made a wise choice in selecting Governor Shaw, of Iowa, to be secretary of the treasury. Governor Shaw believes in the maintenance of sound financial policies by the government and is a strong advocate of civil service reform, thus being in accord with both Secretary Gage and the President. His sound money speeches during the campaign of 1896 showed his positive stand on the money question and attracted the attention of the country. Later, in recognition of his splendid work that year he was made president of the monetary congress in the administration of which office he continued to show a thorough grasp of the complexities of financial affairs and the executive ability of a statesman.

In a communication to the New York Sun, Charles Battell Loomis makes an excellent suggestion to the effect that school children should be made as familiar with the great American artists as they are with American authors. It is quite true that almost every public school pupil who has reached the the age of ten years has heard of Longfellow and Hawthorne and Whittier, but how many are there of twice that age who have heard of Inness and Wyant and Minor and many of the living painters who are creating future glory for this land of ours? The love for native literature is early inculcated in the minds of many Americans, but they are likely to grow up ignorant of the fact that it is to America that the world will look for the great artists and composers of the future. Mr. Loomis believes that children should be taught that a strong artist is as worthy of his country's praise as a great writer, and that they should be familiarized with our Abbeys, Sargents, Whistlers and Inesses.

TEACHING FILIPPINOS.

American teachers in the Philippines are not having the lovely time that some of them expected when they accepted government employment there. They have found plenty of work to do, for the Filippino youth is anxious to learn the language of the men of the new gvernment, and schools are well filled. Those stationed in Manila have not much to complain of in the manner of living, but existence in the interior of Luzon and in some of the other islands of the group is not all that it might be. Salaries have in some cases been found insufficient to meet local prices.

One young woman, a Miss Paddock, who was assigned to a school at Jolo, had the misfortune to break her leg at that place. The physician of the town set the fracture improperly and the young woman was in a very serious condition when brought back to Manila for treatment. This was an extreme case. Most of the experiences of the Americans have been more amusing than serious, and those who have had a fair share of the pluck of their race have overcome the first disadvantages and are now doing very well.

The scare that a band of Filippino insurgents gave to one American teacher, Mr. Martin, forms the basis of this amusing story in the Manila Freedom:

"Mr. Martin was assigned to Mauban in the department of Southern Luzon. He arrived all right, accompanied by several tons of eatables, a mosquito bar and six revolvers, not to mention pots, kettles, clothing and various other articles which, according to the list posted in the exposition barracks, were necessary. History has not recorded the reception tendered to Mr. Martin upon his arrival in Mauban, but it can be supposed vino and fried grasshoppers played a large part of it. Everything went well with Mr. Martin until he decided to visit an adjoining town. This looked bad in the beginning and as things in Tayabas are not in any very pacified condition, Mr. Martin decided to avail himself of the services of a detail of municipal police as a guard. The police were presumably armed with revolvers. The pedagogue had proceeded part of the way when about eighty insurgents were encountered who promptly relieved the municipal police of their job. The advices received at headquarters, department of Southern Luzon, yesterdy, do not state whether or not the police made any resistance. It is more than probable that there is not much misunderstanding between the police and the insurgents in Tayabas. The captors of the pedagogue carried him off to the mountains and concealed him in a cuarel, where they fed him on rice and fish and exhibited him to the inhabitants thereabout as an example of what the Americans had sent over. For some reason or other the insurgents decided that Mr. Martin was not going to be a very great injury to the country and the next day they piled him into a hammock and carried him back to within a mile of Mauban, where he was given his liberty. Bidding him a fond adois and intrusting him with their compliments to the commanding officer and the soldados at Mauban, the desperate band took their departure again to the mountains. History does not record much more in the case, but it can be assumed that no fungus accumulated under the pedal extremities of Mr. Martin while he was making tracks toward Mauban."

ANOTHER CLERK.

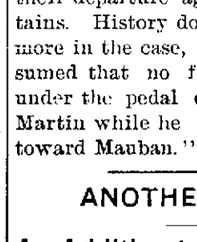
An Addition to be Made to the Postoffice Force.

E. M. Norris, of Washington, assistant superintendent of the salary and allowance division of the post office department, conferred with Postmaster Koons, Friday, in regard to the application for another clerk for the Massillon office. Mr. Koons says there are good reasons for believing that the additional clerk will be allowed.

According to a new regulation, the Massillon postoffice lobby will hereafter be open only from 7:30 till 1:30 o'clock and from 5 till 6 o'clock in the evening on Sunday. Heretofore the lobby has been open all day on Sunday.

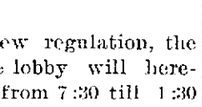
Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.



Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy, The mild and the immediate effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.



Home of Swamp-Root.

AMERICA IS BLESSED.

Evidence of Prosperity Showered Upon Us, Shown by Christmas Expenditures.

EMPLOYERS REMEMBER EMPLOYES.

Distribution of Gifts, in Some Instances, Showed Increase of 100 Per Cent.—Profit-Sharing at End of Year Will Be Unprecedented.

New York, Dec. 28.—R. G. Dun & Co's. weekly review of trade, issued to-day, said in part:

If any evidence was needed of the unparalleled prosperity with which this nation has been blessed during the past year, the expenditure for Christmas gifts and decorations should be ample. Distribution of Christmas gifts among the employes of large urms and corporations was on the same scale, often the increase over last year amounting to 100 percent, while the profit sharing at the end of the year will reach unprecedented figures. It is noticed that Southern trade shows less satisfactory gains over last year than at other sections, which is not surprising, as the principal product of the south has averaged from $5 to $10 a bale less than a year ago, while the quantity thus far marketed shows no commensurate increase.

Also Handicapped by Accidents.

Following closely upon the interruption by floods and storms last week transporting and manufacturing facilities were further handicapped by numerous accidents. Iron furnaces and steel mills were tied up, and the movement of coke was hampered. This resulted in such insufficient supplies of fuel that many stacks were banked at a time when full activity was especially desired. The situation as to coke is more critical than at any previous time this season. Output in the Connellsville region has been at a record breaking pace for a month or more, but stocks accumulate at the ovens because motive power and cars cannot be secured. Pig iron production is no longer at the high mark recorded when December opened, and with fancy prices for fuel it is natural that Bessemer should advance. Coke producers report their full output sold up to the middle of next year, and structural mills are in about the same position. A large Mexican rail order has been offered, but may go to Europe, as domestic makers are unable to undertake any new deliveries for some time to come.

Business in wholesale dry goods has been interrupted by holiday influences and stock taking among jobbers.

Conditions in Wool.

In the woolen goods division overcoatings find ready purchasers, while prices on some lines just opened are about five per cent. higher than last season. Wool is strong and tending upward, with a good demand, not only from mills and dealers, but on speculative account. Stocks are closing the year in much better condition than at the start, exceptional consumption having made large inroads.

Wheat recovered most of the recent moderate decline, supported by a fairly steady demand.

Failures for the week numbered 250 in the United States against 237 last year, and 23 in Canada, against 18 last year.

DISPUTE WITH MEXICO SETTLED BY ARBITRATION.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The state department has just added another to the long list of arbitrations which it has arranged within the last few years for the settlement of American claims. This arbitration will provide for the settlement of the "Pious fund," which has been a subject of diplomatic exchange between the United States and Mexico since the Mexican war. The claim arose through the failure of the Mexican government to pay to the Archbishop of California interest on lands belonging to the Jesuits, for which the Mexican government acted as trustee. The claim itself had been paid.

TROUBLE BETWEEN CHILI AND ARGENTINE ENDED.

Buenos Ayres, Dec. 28, via Galveston, Tex.—It is generally admitted this evening that the difficulties between Argentina and Chili have been ended. It is true that a word in the protocal was changed before the text of the document was made public at Santiago, but Senor Portela, the Argentine minister, protested against the alteration and the Chilian foreign minister promptly ordered a rectification to be made.

FOR CHIMING BELLS IN MEMORY OF McKINLEY.

Lincoln, Neb., Dec. 28.—The city of Lincoln, acting through a committee, have the order for a set of chiming bells to be erected as a memorial to William McKinley in a local church. The price, $6,000, was raised by voluntary subscription, following a movement begun shortly after the death of the late President.

To Maintain Window Glass Prices.

Muncie, Ind., Dec. 28.—Representatives of the American Window Glass company, the Federation of Cooperative Glass companies, the American Window Glass obbers Asosciation, and a large number of unaffiliated companies, will meet in Muncie to-day for the formation of a closer alliance for the purpose of maintaining prices.

Accepts Judgship in Philippines.

Salem, O., Dec. 28.—D. S. Ambler, of this city, has been tendered and accepted a federal judgeship in the Philippine islands. He will leave the latter part of March, going first to Sebo. But later will be stationed at Manila.

NELL CROPSEY WAS MURDERED.

Coroner's Jury So Decided—Body Found Near Father's Home.

Suffolk, Va., Dec. 28.—The body of Miss Ella Maud Cropsey, who had been missing since November 20, was found yesterday in Pasquotank river, not far from Justice Cropsey's home in Elizabeth City. The indications are that the girl was drowned.

The substance of verdict of the coroner's jury was:

"We, the coroner's jury, having been duly summoned and sworn by Dr. I. Fearing, to inquire what caused the death of Ella M. Cropsey, do hereby report that from the investigation made by three physicians of Elizabeth City, and from their opinion, and also from our personal observation, that said Ella M. Cropsey came to her death by being stricken a blow on the left temple and by being drowned in the Pasquotank river. We have not investigated nor heard any testimony touching as to who inflicted the blow and did the drowning. We are informed that one James Wilcox is charged with same and is now in custody. We recommend that investigation as to his or any one else's probable guilt be had by one or more magistrates in Elizabeth iCty township and that said Wilcox be held to await said investigation."

FIERCE BATTLE IN SAMAR.

Gen. Chaffee Reports Fight—Sends List of Casualties.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The War Department has received a cablegram from General Chaffee, at Manila, giving an account of the engagement near Dapaao, Samar, in which Company E, Ninth Infantry, lost seven men killed and a number wounded. The cablegram is as follows:

Jacob H. Smith reports fololwing:

During scout near Dapaao, Samar, December 24th, Captain Francis H. Schoefel, with detachment 36 men oCmpany E, Ninth Infantry, were attacked by large force boloimen, springing from thickets. Severe hand to hand fight ensued. Following casualties occurred:

Killed—Sergeant John P. Swisher, Corporal James Gaughan, Privates John Maren, Frank McAndrew, Jos. A. Weippert, George edford.

Wounded—Capt. Francis H. Schoeffel, slightly; Corporal John H. Russell, Privates Daniel L. McPherson, George Claxton, severely; Arthur Bonnicastle, slightly. One other killed, one wounded. Names later. No property lost. Enemy driven from field; lost severely. Lang's detachment Philippine scouts arrived soon after, assited caring for wounded and removing dead.

HALLENBECK MURDER CASE.

Coroner's Inquest Continued—Four Men Under Arrest.

Hudson, N. Y., Dec. 28.—The coroner's inquest in the case of Peter A. Hallenbeck, of Greenport, who was murdered at his home last Tuesday, was continued by Coroner Lisk. Four young men are under arrest on suspicion of them having been implicated in the murder—Willis, Hilton and Frederick Van Wormer and Harvey Bruce. Hallenbeck was shot down, in the doorway of his house, about 18 miles from Kinderhook, where the prisoners reside. Mrs. Van Wormer, step-mother of the Van Wormers; Miss Pearl L. Van Buren, Willias Van Wormser's sweetheart, and others testified to the prisoner's being in Kinderhook, 18 miles from the scene of the murder, between one and two hours after the crime was committed.

Demond Vener, a notion dealer at Kinderhook, swore that on Monday two of the prisoners purchased two masks in his store. The masks represented devils faces. On Tuesday evening he testified, the other prisoners bought two more. The prisoners were personally known to him. The murderers wore masks when Peter A. Hallenbeck was killed.

OIL GUSHER IN KENTUCKY.

Plans of Promoters to Keep Down Lease Prices Foiled.

Barboursville, Ky., Dec. 28.—It is reported that promoters arranged to sink gas and oil wells in this county to a depth where they were certain that oil would be found in paying quantities and then "plug" the wells, leaving the impression that they were "dry holes," in order to keep down prices for land leases.

Since Christmas the overseers have been absent, and, it is claimed, the drillers went too deep. The result was a gusher six miles from Barboursville, yielding 2,000 barrels a day. The oil became ignited, destroying all the machinery and surrounding timber, shooting up a distance of over a hundred feet every 20 minutes.

SOLDIERS ARE APPOINTED.

Given Positions in New York Police Department.

New York, Dec. 28.—Police Commissioner Partridge announced that he had named Lieut. Col. Nathaniel B. Thurston, of the National Guard, to be first deputy to succeed William S. Devery in Manhattan; Maj. Frederick H. E. Ebstein, United States army, retired, to be second deputy to succeed Bernard F. York, in Brooklyn, and Capt. A. L. Robertson, of the National Guard, to be private secretary.

The appointments have a distinctly military flavor and seem to indicate that the police force will have to walk the chalk line of military discipline.

Three Children Burned to Death.

Buffalo, N. Y., Dec. 28.—Three children of Madary Grzela were burned to death in a fire that destroyed a two-story frame building in Lombard street. They were aged 10, 7 and 3. The mother and a baby, two days old, were carried from the building on a mattress.

Alger's Condition Favorable.

Detroit, Dec. 28.—General Alger's condition last night was favorable to a complete recovery. No change is noticeable, except that he continues to improve slowly.

GEN. SEWELL DEAD.

U. S. Senator From New Jersey Expired at His Home, In Camden.

MEMBERS OF FAMILY PRESENT.

The General's Ailment Was Diabetes, Complicated With Pulmonary Affection—Funeral to be Held Tuesday—Some Points of His Career.

Camden, N. J., Dec. 28.—General William J. Sewell, United States senator from New Jersey, died here.

Every member of his family was at his bedside and included his wife, his sons, Major Robert and Captain W. J. Sewell, and his daughters, Mrs. Courtlander, Mrs. Borde and Miss Sarah Sewell, and a niece.

The general's ailment was diabetes, complicated with a pulmonary affection developed while he was in Europe.

General William J. Sewell was born in Castlebar, Ireland, in 1835, but came to America at an early age. His first work was in mercantile houses, but at the outbreak of the Civil war he was given a captaincy in the Fifth New Jersey Volunteers. Promotion followed distinguished service at Chancellorsville and he was brevetted major general and awarded a medal of honor by congress.

Was a Railroad President.

Upon his return from the war, he became identified with Jersey railroad interests, as president of the West Jersey & Seashore Railroad. Camden county, New Jersey, first honored him politically by his election to the state senate in 1872, where he remained several years, being elected president while his party was in power.

In 1881 he was elected to the United States Senate as successor to Theodore F. Randolph and served until 1887. Again in 1890, he was sent to the upper branch of congress and has served since.

His political experience covered a wide range. As delegate to the Republican National convention in 1876, 1880, 1884, 1892, 1896 and 1900, he distinguished himself. He was a national commissioner to the World's Fair and a member of the board of managers of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, resigning the latter post last January.

His public service in New Jersey included the command of the National Guard. A Republican in politics, he was always in the fore in the councils of the state and national party leaders.

The funeral will take place on Tuesday, but full arrangements will not be completed until to-morrow. The place of interment has not been definitely determined upon, but will probably be in Colestown cemetery, several miles from the city. The senator will have a military funeral. This was decided at a conference between Gov. Voorhees, Adjt. Gen. Oliphant and members of the family. A large detachment of the National Guard of New Jersey will be ordered out, but the detail of troops has not been decided upon. Adjt. Gen. Oliphant will have charge of the military arrangements. Services will be held at noon Tuesday next at the senator's late residence, to be followed with services in St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal church, of which Senator Sewell was a member of the vestry.

Messages of condolence to the bereaved family came from all parts of the country. Among them was a telegram from President Roosevelt, who had known Mr. Sewell for years and many of the senators and congressmen; President A. J. Cassatt and the vice presidents of the Pennsylvania railroad company, who had been Gen. Sewell's assistants for such a long period, and many men prominent in nation and state.

Committees to Attend Funeral.

Washington, Dec. 28.—Committees were appointed on behalf of the Senate and the House of Representatives to attend the funeral of the late Senator Sewell, of New Jersey, the date for which has not yet been named. The committee on behalf of the Senate consists of Senator Sewell's colelague, Senator Kean, his fellow members of the committee on military affairs; Senators Hawley, Proctor, Barrows, Warren, Scott, Quarles, Bate, Cockrell, Pettus and Harris; his associates on the committee on enrolled bills (of which Senator Sewell was chairman), Senators Hanna and Foster, of Louisiana; and in addition Senators Platt, of New York; Platt, of Connecticut; Cullom, Hale, Aldrich, Penrose, Turner and Elkins.

The House committee is comosed of the members of the New Jersey delegation, Messrs. Loudenslager, Gardner, Howell, Salmon, Stewart, Parker, McDermott and oFwler.

CAPT. LEARY DEAD.

First Governor of Guam, After It Came Into Our Possession.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The navy department received the following telegram from Admiral Mortimer L. Johnson, commanding the Boston navy yard, dated yesterday:

"Captain Richard P. Leary, U. S. N., died this morning at Marine hospital, Chelsea."

Captain Leary was the first governor of Guam after that island came into the possession of the United States.

Ex-Policeman Glennon Sentenced.

New York, Dec. 28.—Edward G. Glennon, the former wardman of the West Thirtieth street police station, was to-day sentenced to six months imprisonment in the penitentiary by Recorder Goff. Glennon was found guilty of wilful neglect of duty in failing to suppress a disorderly house.

DEPEW IS TO MARRY TODAY

Two Church Ceremonies to Occur—Bride a Catholic—Civil Ceremony Yesterday.

Nice, Dec. 28.—The civil ceremony of the marriage of Senator Chauncey M. Depew and Miss May Palmer took place yesterday afternoon in the U. S. Consulate. The bride's witnesses were Count d'Andre and aron De Cantalause. The bridegroom's witnesses were James Gordon Bennett and Count De Sers.

Among others present were Mrs. Palmer, Countess De Sers and Baroness Von Andre.

Senator Depew was in excellent health. The bride was charmingly dressed.

The bride being a aCtholic, there will be two religious ceremonies. The first will take place at Notre Dame and the second at the Episcopal church at 11 o'clock this morning and at noon to-day respectively, when ten blue jackets from the U. S. cruiser Albany will form a guard of honor.

THREE MEN KILLED.

Burned to Death, Trying to Escape From Furnace Explosion.

Sharon, Pa., Dec. 28.—Three men were burned to death and several thousand dollars' worth of property was consumed at the old Sharpsville furnace.

The dead are Howard Dixon, James Bartett and Martin Clancy. They were top fillers at the plant and were working about 80 feet from the ground when a fire broke out in the hoist. The flames spread rapidly, hemming in the three men and cutting off their escape. Hundreds of men looked on in horror from below, unable to lend assistance. The men climbed over the rim of the furnace and attempted to climb down through the flames, but were overcome and their bones burned beyond recognition. The casting house and hoist were consumed.

The fire originated in a shanty at the bottom of the hoist. The dead men were all single. Dixon was to have been married yesterday afternoon to a Miss Buch.

The accident was almost identical with the fatal explosion in Pittsburg last week.

STRENGTH WAS APPARENT.

But It Was Confined to Few Prominent Stocks.

New York, Dec. 28.—The dealings in stocks Friday were in excess of those of Thursday and the market had the appearance of strength and activity throughout. A closer analysis will show, however, that the activity and strength were mainly in a few prominent stocks. In fact there was active realizing going on all day, and when belated borrowers on call found the money rate rising sharply over the demand the movement to realize became general. The top level of prices was considerably reduced as a consequence, and the market showed no disposition to rally, closing dull and steady at the reaction. The highly speculative industrials were the conspicuous features of the market all day, with sugar still in the forefront, but with considerable revival of speculation in Amalgamated Copper. Sugar wavered in the early market after opening a fraction higher, and touched 111½ before the support in the stock became effective. It was lifted by successive stages to 117⅜ and closed at 115⅝, a net gain of 3⅛ on the day and net loss of ½ since Saturday.

Amalgamated Copper, with the dividend, advanced to 71¾ and closed a point lower, which is equal to a net gain of 2⅜. The speculation also continued active in Manhattan and that stock rose an extreme 2 points, but shows a net gain of only ¾. In the railroad list the principal activity continued to center in the coalers and in the trans-continental group.

There was some evidence of investment demand among high grade stocks. The bond market was active and strong and also reflected investment buying here and there. Total sales, par value, $3,550,000.

U. S. Refining 2s declined ⅛, the 5s registered ¼ and do coupon ¾ on the last call.

SECURED MORE LINES.

Everett-Moore Syndicate Buys Stocks of Two Railroads.

Toledo, O., Dec. 28.—The Everett-Moore syndicate secured control of the Toledo and Maumee Valley and the Toledo, Waterville and Southern railroads by the purchase of the entire amount of stock of both companies. The purchase price of the first named company was $500,000 and of the latter $100,000.

The companies were both reorganized immediately and Everett-Moore men were placed upon the board of directors. Rufus Baker was elected president of the Toledo and Maumee Valley road and E. J. Bechtel was elected president of the Toledo, Waterville and Southern.

To Testify in Neely Case.

Washington, Dec. 27.—Chief Postoffice Inspector W. E. Cochran, accompanied by a large number of postoffice inspectors, will leave Washington to-morrow for Havana, to be present at the trial of Charles F. W. Neely, former chief of the bureau of finance of the department of posts of Cuba, which will begin anuary 2.

Pope Honors Crimmins.

New York, Dec. 28.—Acocrding to a recent mandate of Pope Leo, John D. Crimmins, of this city, has been created a Knight Commander of the Order of St. Gregory. This title is conferred only for zeal in religion or special acts of charity.

Fireman Killed in a Collision.

Scranton, Pa., Dec. 28.—In a head-on collision between two local trains on the Erie railroad in the East Honesdale yard yesterday, Fireman John Rossner, of Port Jervis, N. Y., was killed. Both engines were demolished and a score of cars were wrecked.

King Received Marquis Ito.

London, Dec. 28.—King Edward received Marquis Ito in audience at Marlborough house.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The blight is destroying the fine pear orchards of Texas.

The hen which has to scratch for a living is the one which will fill the egg basket.

Kansas comes to the front this year with an apple crop of over 20,000,000 bushels, worth over $12,000,000.

Wanted.—Some sort of an animal which will eat up clean the 30 per cent wastage on corn fodder fed from the bundle.

Twenty-six thousand cars of oranges are in sight in California, and they will be much cheaper than apples the coming winter.

Climatic conditions are a little out of joint in Minnesota when a man gets killed by lightning in November while husking corn.

It is claimed by scientists that the value of an acre of ocean harvest may be made greater than any acre of land harvest product.

The state of Nebraska could produce cherries enough to supply all America if it were only possible to ship and distribute the fruit.

Scratches from barbed wire seem to be singularly productive of blood poisoning, and wounds of this character should never be neglected.

An Illinois man walked off with first prize on butter at the late Iowa state dairy meeting. His butter was made scientifically and not by guess.

A friend of ours had a twenty dollar straw stack tumble over the other day and kill a fifty dollar cow. A fifty dollar cow should never be allowed to run to a straw pile.

Missouri and Kansas orchards have brought their owners this season a net return of from $85 to $125 per acre, which is a real easy, lazy way to get a living out of the land.

We see that some writers are advising the trimming of the feet of the bull. As we observe it, this is trimming on the wrong end, his horns needing trimming far more than his feet.

Where there is found a poor stick of a boy there will almost always be found a poor stick of a man who has something to do with the boy either as progenitor or tutor and guide.

This country has become so large and its interests so diversified that special legislation intended to favor any particular interest or locality is almost sure to do just as much harm as it does good.

There were 2,755,683 bushels of flax imported into this country the past year, while the state of North Dakota could easily supply every bushel if men would only break up cheap land and grow this crop.

The difference between some men and some dogs is that some dogs are so mean and worthless that they ought to be killed and are, and some men are so mean that while they ought to be killed we send them to the legislature.

A learned astronomer has lately made a discovery which he claims fully sustains the theory of the nebular hypothesis. To the great mass of humanity this is of secondary importance compared with the price of potatoes.

It has been no uncommon thing for corn belt farmers to have sold during the past year from their hundred and sixty acre farms hogs to the value of $1,000 and over. We have known this to be done on an eighty acre farm.

We sometimes think it is easier to find proof of the theory of evolution as advanced by Darwin, Spencer, Huxley and others in the decadence and retrogression of things and men than in their physical and moral improvement.

The government estimate of the corn crop of 1901 is 16.4 bushels per acre against an average yield of 24.4 bushels per acre for the whole country for the past ten years. Ohio reports the best crop, while Kansas has the poorest.

There were 15,562,796 acres of public land sold by the government the past year, more than in any one of the past ten years. While Uncle Sam may be rich enough to give us all a farm, it is not much longer that he will have the farm to give.

The usual losses of stock from turning it into the cornstalk fields are reported from all directions this fall. There is one sure remedy for this trouble, and that is to cut the corn up, for we have never heard of a case of loss by feeding the cut corn.

Fifty dollars worth of paint and a little labor put on the house and farm buildings will add $400 to the value of a farm when it is offered for sale. Looks count for almost as much with a farm as with a woman.

The railway companies of the country buy a good many old horses and cows during the year, which, curiously, seem to have a preference for committing suicide on the track about the time their usefulness is ended.

A careful investigation showed that of 100 patrons of a western creamery thirty of them kept their cows at an actual loss, while one man received $2.35 for each dollar spent for food for his cows and another only 60 cents.

Twenty acres of shocked corn hurt by the drought and yielding thirty-five bushels per acre were husked and shredded under the writer's observation lately at an expense of $3 per acre, a ton and a half of excellent shredded fodder being secured from each acre.

Old and worn steel rails are now being converted into a most durable and satisfactory railway tie at a very small expense. A substitute for the wooden tie, so short lived, must be found, and the old rail will help to do it. Tracks laid with these ties do not require one-half the work in maintenance.

An Iowa boy whose daily work had been gathering the crop of corn on the farm got up one night in his sleep, went to the barn, harnessed the horses, hitched on to the wagon, drove out to the cornfield and husked more than half a load of corn before he woke up, doing the work just as well as though he had been wide awake.

Don't set a price upon your farm nowadays unless you mean to sell. Notwithstanding most men are sharp enough after the dollars, not a few have been unable to keep up with the real advance in the price of good farm land and setting a price on their land which seemed to them high have been picked up before they could say "Jack Robinson."

It seems like a piece of foolishness to make the statement that any person is crazy when he attempts to beat a fast train at a railway crossing, but so many fatalities result from just such folly that the truth needs pounding into the public. It is a very poor way by which to exhibit that spirit of bravado which is so very characteristic of the American people.

Olives are likely to pass from a high priced delicacy to a common and low priced food product. The olive crop of California is large, and the price of the olives has dropped from $40 per ton to $20. The lady who serves a six course supper at some feminine function will have to substitute something for the olive and wafer which so often make one of the courses.

A cute machine manufactures the artificial comb, and a swindler takes it and fills it with glucose honey, scattering here and there a dead bee on the comb, and the deluded purchaser eats it, associating it with apple bloom, the fragrance of white clover and summer flowers, while the stuff is made of paraffin instead of beeswax for the comb and glucose for filling.

Speltz, or, more properly speaking, emmer, a European cereal but little known in this country, is being boomed by some of the northwestern papers. The merit of this plant seems to lie in connection with the semiarid belt, as it can stand heat and dry weather better than any of our common cereals. Like brome grass, there is no place for it where corn, oats and barley will do well.

Rather curiously, farm land may be said to be worth per acre in the corn belt just as many dollars as it will one year with another produce bushels of corn per acre; thus if the land will only grow twenty-five bushels of corn to the acre such land is not worth over $25, while if it will produce sixty-five, seventy and eighty bushels per acre such figures respectively represent in dollars its value per acre.

The difficulty of taming and civilizing wild things is well illustrated in the case of the 1,500 Indians upon one of the western reservations. Smallpox is decimating their ranks, and they will neither submit to vaccination nor quarantine. The state has no control over them, and the general government humors their whims. The reservation is surrounded by a thickly settled community of white farmers, who fully realize what a nuisance the red man can become.

We once knew a very ignorant and a very successful man as the world rates success. He was a farmer. He could neither read nor write, but in some way he had developed a sixth sense, so that in all financial transactions no man could better figure interest or profit and loss than he. His hobby was to dress just as poor as he could, work hard, go barefooted, save all his money and buy land. He raked $175,000 together before he quit; present address unknown.

It cannot well be otherwise than that if the exports of the United States continue year after year to exceed the imports by so much as even $500,000,000 per annum, this country will grow rich and other nations with whom we trade will grow correspondingly poor. The agriculture products of America the world must have in order to live, but the present outlook that we shall also furnish the world's manufactured articles is what is creating consternation in all European countries.

THE TEN ACRE FARM.

Any man who knows how can make a vastly better living off a ten acre farm situated near some good town than he can to work at any of the ordinary trades which will bring him in a daily income of from $2 to $3 per day. You see, when a man is so fixed that he can keep a cow, two or three pigs, seventy-five hens, have a first class garden and small fruit plantation he has got more than half of the living for his family in sight right on his place, saying nothing about what he may be able to sell from it in the way of surplus products. A good deal of money can be extracted from a small piece of land when one goes the right way to work. For instance, each square rod of a well kept asparagus bed will give a return of not less than $4, while a hundred bunches of celery can be raised on the square rod of ground which would sell in any market for nearly as much. The hens should pay the grocery bill, the cow furnish all the milk and butter needed, while the pigs will fill the lard jar and the meat barrel. We often wonder why so many smart men are content to work all their lives long for some other man, using about all their wages up in living expenses, when they might be independent, be their own boss and live on the top shelf by working a ten acre farm.

THE WAR OF THE SUGAR MEN.

The sugar trust, realizing that the protection—or bounty, as it may be termed—afforded by the high tariff on sugar is certain to result in the creation of an enormous beet sugar industry in this country, and as the trust, which is really a sugar refiners' trust, cannot from the very nature of the case control or absorb the beet sugar factories, they being each of them sugar refiners as well as sugar producers, is now seeking by every means in its power to secure the removal of the tariff on sugar, with the sole view of destroying the beet sugar interests of the country. It may be said that the proposition is now before the American people in this way: Maintain the tariff, break down the trust, build up a great sugar producing interest at home and continue to pay high prices for sugar, or remove the tariff, get cheap sugar, destroy the beet sugar interest and continue to be ruled by the trust. The people will have to choose which.

WHY SPARROWS DO NOT MIGRATE.

We are asked why it is that the English sparrow does not migrate—seek a warmer climate when winter comes. It is the question of a food supply which largely determines the migrations of birds and not because they are not hardy enough to endure the cold of the winter. Thus, all wild fowls have their food supply entirely shut off when the lakes and rivers freeze up, while the death or hibernation of all insect life compels the departure of all insectivorous birds. The sparrow is just simply a scavenger, his main food supply being obtained from the partly digested grains in the offal of the horse, and so it comes that wherever horses are kept there will the sparrow be able to winter. Then, it is a very hardy bird and one which more than any other bird has the ability to adjust itself to almost any climatic condition. A hailstorm in July will kill ten times as many sparrows as a blizzard in winter.

LIMITATIONS OF THE CORN BELT.

While there are many million acres on this continent now unimproved which may be made to produce any of the common cereals except corn, it is a fact worth noting that the limitations of the corn belt are well defined and established, and, what is of more importance, such territory is fully settled. In other words, the territorial area upon which the corn plant will do well is now all in use and no further increase in the country's production of corn can be expected save as better farming may increase the yield per acre. This is a fact of the greatest importance as affecting all men who may be fortunate enough to own land within the limits of such corn belt, for corn is the most valuable forage plant and meat and milk producer there is in all the world.

HOW LATE SHOULD HE STAY?

We are asked by a young man, a farmer, how late it is proper for him to stay when he goes to see his best girl. We do not like to tackle this sort of a problem, for cases differ so much. It all depends upon circumstances. If our friend's case is in the preliminary stage and he is simply reconnoitering, he should leave before the old folks go to bed, unless they are of the 8 o'clock breed, but if he is a goner time doesn't count, and it's all right for him to hear the midnight whistle of the fast mail as he goes home. Of course he should be as economical of fuel and lights during these protracted sessions as possible, and he probably will be without this suggestion.

A SHARP TRICK.

A hunter seeking to evade the laws of Minnesota and ship his game to another state packed the birds in a trunk and checked it as baggage. While in the depot waiting for his train he, being a telegraph operator, heard a message ticked off by the depot agent notifying the game warden at St. Paul to seize and open trunk No. 3400, as it contained game being illegally shipped. This hunter then went and got another old trunk, which he filled with rubbish and when not observed changed the checks so that the game warden was fooled, and the hunter got his game home to Iowa.

Jno Trigg

ERRORS OF HISTORY

FICTIONS THAT FOR CENTURIES HAVE POSED AS FACTS.

Why the Colossus of Rhodes Could Not Have Spanned the Harbor—The Force of Leonidas at Thermopylæ. The William Tell Myth.

There have been woven into history many interesting stories that time and investigation have proved myths, but in spite of the efforts of the iconoclasts these mistakes of history still pass current with many people.

Probably one of the most affecting scenes connected with the making of literature is that described in the oft repeated story of the blind poet Milton dictating "Paradise Lost" to his daughters. Dr. Johnson, however, has been quoted as denying it. He said, furthermore, that Milton never even permitted his daughters to learn to read and write.

A favorite "piece" with western and southern schoolboys on recitation and exhibition days was a set of verses telling of the heroic stand of Leonidas and his brave "300" at Thermopylæ. The Abbe Barthelemy, who asserted that he had inquired minutely into the subject, wrote that, according to Diodorus, Leonidas had 7,000 men under him and that Pausanias gave the number of Leonidas' army as 12,000.

Did Cæsar say to the pilot:

"Why do you fear? You have Cæsar on board."

Many trustworthy historians declare that Cæsar never used the words quoted.

The inside of cigar box covers are sometimes ornamented with a picture of the Colossus of Rhodes, with ships in full sail passing between the outstretched legs of the gigantic statue. These pictures reflect the popular and what for centuries was the historical idea of the Colossus, which was accounted one of the seven wonders of the world. It may be interesting to know that all drawings of the statue are purely imaginary and, what is more, are modern, not ancient, efforts. The Colossus was erected in 305 B. C. The most trustworthy of ancient accounts of it is contained in a manuscript dating about 150 B. C., in which the height of the statue is given as 105 feet. The entrance to the harbor of Rhodes is 350 feet across, so that it was manifestly impossible that the legs of the Colossus should span the entrance to the port or that ships should sail beneath it.

As a matter of fact the Colossus was not built across the harbor, but on an open space of ground near it; but, for all that, it was a wonderful statue.

People whose sympathies are easily aroused have wept over the wrongs of Belisarius, the conqueror of the Vandals, who, many were taught, "begged his bread at the city gates" after having commanded victorious armies and been of much service to the state. The good old general was unquestionably an unfortunate and much abused man, but there is no proof that he begged his living at the city gates or elsewhere. Yet Van Dyke engraved him and David, the great Frenchman, painted him, and tragedies and romances were written around him in the belief that he did sit at the city gates a forlorn and disconsolate object with palm outstretched for alms.

The facts are, a conspiracy against the Emperor Justinian being discovered, two of Belisarius' officers confessed under torture that the old general was in the plot. He was condemned without further hearing, his property sequestrated, and he suffered imprisonment for six months. His innocence being established, Belisarius was released, and he died about a year later. But that he ever was reduced to the extremity of begging is declared to be absolutely untrue.

The schoolbook tale of William Tell shooting an apple from his son's head is also without foundation in fact. Tell's name doesn't even appear in the chronicles of Zurich, and the most ancient writing in which the story is mentioned bears date some 200 years after the event it pretends to describe. The story is a variation of an old Scandinavian saga. A similar bit of "history" is related of William of Cloudsley in England in the twelfth century.

It is denied also that Emperor Charles V. of Spain on his abdication adopted the habit of a monk and occupied himself in the manufacture of clocks. It is declared that he never ceased to be emperor de facto, and he never surrendered control of affairs of state.

Coming down to later times, the people of three different countries claimed three different men as inventors of the steam engine. In America there is a popular belief to this day that Robert Fulton built the first successful engine and steamboat. In England the Marquis of Worcester, who published an account of a steam engine in 1663, has received credit for the invention. In France Solomon de Caus (1615) was regarded as the genius who had given to the world a new motive power. Each of them may have conceived and worked out the idea of a steam engine without the slightest knowledge of what had been done in that direction before their day, but none of them might rightly lay claim to being the first in the field.

On April 17, 1543, Don Blasco de Garay launched a boat of 200 tons burden at Barcelona in the presence of the Emperor Charles V. The boat was propelled by steam and made ten miles an hour. She was called La Sanctissima Trinidada. The emperor gave to Don Blasco a handsome present, but did not regard the invention as practicable, and nothing came of it. From this it would seem that Fulton was centuries behind the times.—New York Mail and Express.

BABA SHABAZ HOME

He Tells of His Experiences En Route.

FIRE WORSHIPERS OF PERSIA.

Among Them He Has Begun the Teaching of the Christian Faith—"Pilgrim's Progress," "The Koran" and Other Books Seized by the Russian Government as Being of an Incendiary Character.

The Rev. Baba N. Shabaz is remembered as having been the guest of the Rev. L. H. Burry and as having preached and lectured in St. Paul's Lutheran church last summer, while enroute to Persia, his native land, where he has been sent as a missionary by the Lutheran church. Mr. Shabaz, according to letters just received, has at last reached his field of endeavor among the fire worshipers, after a journey of two months and a half. He made the trip by way of the Mediterranean. He met with many thrilling experiences. In Naples he fell into the hands of thieves, who relieved him of much that was valuable. Mr. Shabaz was in America six years, studying at Hartford, Ct., and Columbus. In his letters, one of which was written from Urumiah, where his parents reside, he says:

"My trip, on the whole, was not very pleasant. In Russia I had a great deal of difficulty about my books. They were examined at the custom house one by one and eight of them taken from me because 'they were against the government.' Just think! Such books as 'The Pilgrim's Progress,' 'Sieghardus,' 'The Koran,' and so forth, all against the government! I went to the American consul in Batoum, but he was away on his summer's vacation and his secretary, who is an Armenian, could not help me. When I reached Batoum my books were all taken from me and had to be sent to Odessa to be read by the government censor there. This delayed me at Batoum one whole week.

"In Persia one is never left alone, especially one, who like myself, has been away for so many years. They crowd around me from all directions, whether they be acquainted or not, it makes no difference, and ask me all sorts of questions about America and other countries which I have passed through on my homeward journey. I am perfectly willing to give them all the information I can, but the difficulty is with their littleness of faith. I have lectured at times to crowds almost as large as any I have had in America, all in my own house and at my own expense, because our custom in Persia is that one who calls on you must remain for at least one week, if not he becomes your enemy. I am not willing to break that ancient custom. I can't make the people believe anything I tell them about America and the people there.

"Last night I had a call from a very intelligent Moslem priest. He began, like all others, by asking questions about America and what I had been doing there. I soon found out, however, he had come for a different purpose. He had the subject of religion in view. I told him in plain language the fundamentals of our christian faith. It was so striking to see him bow his head every time in the fireplace to make the evil spirits leave the room and let us engage in what he called 'undefiled conversation.' It was very difficult to make him understand even the most simple doctrines of our church, but when I told him the story of Jesus, his life and death for us, he burst into tears and was unable to speak any more. With his permission I took my Bible and read the tenth chapter of St. John about the Good Shepherd. He left my house, promising that he would come again. I went to God in prayer before retiring, and asked Him to bless the seed sown so unexpectedly and so hopefully."

BLOCKADED

Some in Every Household in Massillon but they are Growing Less.

The back aches because the kidneys are blockaded
Help the kidneys with their work.
The back will ache no more
Lots of proof that Doan's Kidney Pills do this
It's the best proof for it comes from Massillon.

Mrs Rose Remmele, of 122 Wooster street, says: "The corrective action of Doan's Kidney Pills upon the functions of the kidneys is so manifest and the results obtained follow so quickly after a course of the treatment that the user cannot but come to this conclusion: Doan's Kidney Pills act as represented. My advice to anyone suffering with either excited or weakened kidneys is to procure the remedy at Baltz y's drug store, take it according to directions and the results will inevitably follow."

Sold by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.	
Wheat	8[illegible]
Loose hay, per ton	10 00
Baled hay	11-12
Straw, per ton	$5 00 6 00
Corn	6[illegible]
Oats	38
Clover Seed	5 00 5 25
Bran	1 15
Middlings	1 20
Timothy Seed	1 50-2 00
Rye, per bu	8 50
Barley	50
Flax seed	1 50
Wool	16-22
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES	
Potatoes, per bushel	75 80
Apples	75 1 00
Cabbage, doz	40
White beans	2 25
BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY	
Butter	25
Eggs (fresh)	25
Live Spring Chickens, per lb	07
Chickens, dressed per lb	09 10
Turkeys dressed, 12c; Live	09
MEATS AND CHEESE.	
Ham	11
Shoulder	08
Lard	10
Sides	06 to 07

Satisfied People

Are the best advertisers for Foley's Honey and Tar, and all who use it agree that it is a splendid remedy for coughs, colds or sore lungs. Rider & Snyder.

Ordinary household accidents have no terrors when there's a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the medicine chest. Heals, burns, cuts, bruises, sprains. Instant relief.

Chas Replogle, Atwater, O., was in very bad shape He says: "I suffered a great deal with my kidneys and was requested to try Foley's Kidney Cure. I did so and in four days was able to go to work again, now I am entirely well." Rider & Snyder.

"Itching hemorrhoids were the plague of my life. Was almost wild Doan's Ointment cured me quickly and permanently, after doctors had failed." C. F. Cornwell, Saugerties, N. Y.

A cold, cough or la grippe can be "nipped in the bud" with a dose or two of Foley's Honey and Tar. Beware of substitutes. Rider & Snyder.

Come to THE INDEPENDENT office for your job printing.

YOUR FAITH will be as strong as ours if you try

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

and ours is so strong we guarantee a cure or refund money, and we send you free trial bottle if you write for it. SHILOH'S costs 25 cents and will cure Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis and all Lung Troubles. Will cure a cough or cold in a day, and thus prevent serious results. It has been doing these things for 50 years. S. C. WELLS & Co., Le Roy, N. Y.

Karl's Clover Root Tea corrects the Stomach

SEVEN GREAT SCHOOLS
THE MOLER SYSTEM OF COLLEGES
WRITE NEAREST BRANCH FOR CATALOGUE
380 CANAL ST. NEW YORK CITY
125 WABASH AVE. CHICAGO, ILLS.
1141 MARKET ST. ST. LOUIS, MO.
202 WASH. AVE. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
1623 FARNAM ST. OMAHA, NEB.
61 TERRACE, BUFFALO, N.Y.
635 CLAY ST. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

For
Coughs,
Croup,
Hoarseness,
La Grippe,
Asthma,
Bronchitis,
Consumption,

TAKE....

Foley's Honey and Tar

IT IS THE GREAT THROAT AND LUNG REMEDY.

FOLEY'S BANNER SALVE is a Healing Wonder.

Rider & Snyder, Druggists.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Dis covered th s Week by Indepenen Investigators.

Mrs. Thom s Falor is a guest of relatives in Grand Rapids.

Mrs. I. D. Earley and son, Ward, are visiting friends and relatives in Coshocton and vicinity.

Miss Ruby Falor is spending the holidays in Pittsburg, the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. V. Young.

Herman Kuebler, of Mansfield, is a guest of his uncle, the Rev. J. F. Kuebler, at St Joseph's rectory.

Harry Long, a student of the Capital University, Columbus, is visiting Leonard O Berry at St. Paul's parsonage.

Mr and Mrs J. R. White, of Newcastle, Pa., are guests at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Melville Everhard, in High street

All shoe stores and all clothing stores will be open Tuesday evening until 9 o'clock, but will be closed all day Wednesday.

John Welch and daughter, Mrs. Lillie Staufer, of Ada, O., are visiting the former's sister, Mrs. O. W. Bean, in this city.

Mrs Ella J Rudy is appointed administratrix of the estate of the late Charles A Rudy. The business will be continued as heretofore under the direction of Jacob Hollinger.

Joseph Spalla, North Erie street fruiterer, disposed of his business to Anthony Spalla, formerly an employe. Friday afternoon quietly left town. Great guess as to know when Spalla has gone.

P P [illegible] and R. B. [illegible] W S Spaldo and Lawrence [illegible] attended the funeral of the late Mrs. Elizabeth Valentine, which took place at Justus, Friday. Messrs Spaldo and Acker are pall bearers at the funeral.

Large quantities of toys, books and clothing and about $25 in money was collected by the committee appointed by the carrier to solicit donations from Massillon citizens for the Christmas celebration at Fairmount Children's Home. The committee's itemized report will appear on Saturday.

Superintendent E. A. Jones is in Columbus attending the eighteenth annual session of the Ohio State Association of School Examiners. Superintendent Jones delivered an address Friday evening on the "Claims of the Ohio Teachers' Reading Circle Upon the Teachers of Ohio."

City Clerk Seaman Saturday issued a building permit to the Rev. J. E. Transue, pastor of the African M. E. Zion church. A frame addition is to be made to the West Oak street church at a cost of $450, and is to be used as a residence by Mr. Transue. Its dimensions will be 17x30 feet. It will be completed by April 1.

The Bartenders' Union, Friday evening, elected John Moseman, president; Jacob Levi, vice president; John Bullock, chaplain; George Hering, recording secretary; William Wagoner, financial secretary; Ebenezer Grimth, inspector; Louis Mahlmann, inside guard; Adam Franz, outside guard; Louis Mahlmann, Fred. Stillwill and Philip Gise, jr., trustees.

A number of mysterious burglaries that have been committed in Norwalk for months past were solved yesterday when James O'Donnell, a thirteen-year-old lad, confessed to having been guilty of the crimes. O'Donnell implicated Clark Johnson, aged sixteen. Johnson denies his guilt and will be given a hearing. Five burglaries are charged against the boys, in which considerable money and jewelry were stolen.

The marriage of Miss Carrie Doll and William Lantzer took place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Eli Doll, in Genoa, on Wednesday afternoon at 1 o'clock, the Rev. J. E. Digel, of St. John's church, Massillon, officiating. The guests included only relatives and immediate friends. Miss Hallie Doll, the bride's sister, was the bridesmaid and James Guest of this city, the best man. An elaborate dinner was served immediately after the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Lantzer will live in Genoa.

The second of a series of socials was given by the King's Daughters Circle, in the chapel of the Presbyterian church, Friday evening. The attendance was large. Many of those present wore old-fashioned costumes. Mrs. J. F. Clokey read a colonial poem which was acted out by fifteen young people. Several violin solos were rendered by Charles Rhodes, of Toledo, with piano accompaniment by Raymond Doll. Christmas carols were sung by the young ladies of the King's Daughters Circle, assisted by members of the Young Men's club.

An Akron special to the Cleveland Plain Dealer says: "The boom that has come to Warwick, south of here, has made big increases in land values. Clinton is half a mile north of Warwick, and has also felt the effect of the boom. There is a plan now to unite the two in a village that would be as big as Barberton. One of the finest deposits of glass sand in the country has been found at Warwick, and a large glass factory is now being built there by Massillon parties. A foundry has also been located in the village, and it is said that others are to follow."

OBITUARY.

DONALD CLEAVER.

Donald Clever, aged 2 years, the only child of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cleaver, died at the home of Dr. D. W. Gans, in East Main street, Friday night. Death was caused by acute indigestion. Mr. and Mrs. Cleaver have been in Massillon but three weeks and have been stopping at the Millerorian Hotel. The funeral will take place from Dr. Gans' residence Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock, the Rev. C. M. Roberts officiating. Interment will be made in the Massillon cemetery. The service will be private.

ABRAM W. CHAPMAN.

The late Abram W. Chapman, whose death recently occurred at his home in Muncie, Ind., and whose remains were brought to this city for burial Tuesday, was one of Muncie's most prominent citizens. He was the president of the Muncie Savings and Loan Association, and served several terms as a member of the board of city commissioners and of the board of police commissioners. He was concerned in many business ventures and was successful in all.

Mr. Chapman was born in Brook county, W. Va., in 1837. He moved to Ohio and became a successful farmer and stock raiser. He represented Stark county in the legislature one term. Mr. Chapman, after his graduation from Heidelberg college, at Tiffin, was married to Miss Susannah Walter. He went to Muncie in 1885, and purchased a large tract of land, on which gas was subsequently found. Then he entered the real estate business, and as those were Muncie's boom days, he became a wealthy man in a comparatively short time. Mr. Chapman's first wife died at Muncie in 1886. He was married in 1887 to Miss Emma Ankeney, of Greene county, O., who survives him.

RAISE IN WAGES.

Pennsylvania Trainmen's Pay to be Increased.

THE NEW YEAR'S GREETINGS.

President Ramsey, of the W. & L. E. Railroad, Thanks Employes for the Zeal with Which They Have Performed Their Work—One Hundred Italians Paid Off on Friday.

All trainmen of the Pennsylvania railroad on the Eastern division between Pittsburg and Crestline have received notice that their wages will be raised. The new scale will take effect Jan. 1. The raise will be from one to two cents an hour.

Passenger engine No. 165, of the eastbound Pennsylvania passenger train No. 8, was disabled near the local station early Saturday morning by the breaking of some of the machinery. The train after some delay was taken as far as Alliance by one of the yard engines.

Bulletins posted in the Wheeling & Lake Erie offices, signed by General Manager Blickensderfer, say that President Ramsey, through him, wishes to extend to all heads of departments and all employes the greetings of the season, and thank them for the zeal and energy with which they have performed their work.

Business on the Wheeling & Lake Erie for the past few days has been duller than usual. The lull is attributed to the light working of the mines and to the holiday season which is always a dull season.

Passenger coach No. 34, of the Wheeling & Lake Erie, which was badly damaged by being sideswiped on the siding at the Columbia yards a month ago, has been returned from the shops. It has been overhauled and repainted.

One hundred Italians who were employed on the M. & C. branch of the Pennsylvania railroad, were paid off by Paymaster R. W. Morrison Friday evening, and discharged. Many of them have left for Pittsburg and other places. A number are still quartered in box cars along the branch. About fifty are employed on the road. The work of raising the tracks has been abandoned for the present but the parts that have been already raised are being leveled up and gravel is being taken from the pit and distributed along the branch.

Wheeling & Lake Erie engine No. 122 was returned to the Columbia yards Saturday morning from the repair shops at Norwalk. This engine was damaged in a wreck on the terminal branch near Wheeling a few weeks ago in which Flagman Byers was killed.

Engineer G. Wolf and Fireman E. Beckett are spending a holiday vacation at their homes in Columbus.

Conductor O. Smith is off on a short vacation.

WILSON WILL STAY.

President Wants Him in the Cabinet.

SCHLEY WILL SUE MACLAY.

Rural Mail Carriers Will Receive Pay More Promptly in the Future—New Opposition to the Purchase of the Danish Islands.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The cabinet met yesterday but no business was transacted. Positive denials are given to the story that F. D. Coburn, secretary of the state board of agriculture of Kansas, is to succeed Secretary James Wilson. When the fact that Governor Shaw, of Iowa, had accepted the treasury portfolio was made public, the announcement was made that Secretary Wilson, also of Iowa, would remain in the cabinet, and yesterday the same statement was emphatically reiterated at the White House. The President is anxious that Secretary Wilson should remain, and the secretary has informed the President that he will be glad to do so.

The postoffice department has decided upon a new method of paying off rural free delivery carriers. Heretofore they have been paid on warrants drawn upon the treasury department and have been from 30 to 40 days behind in receiving their salaries. Now they will be paid by the postmasters in the largest city in each state. The Pennsylvania carriers will receive their checks from the Philadelphia office; those in West Virginia from Wheeling, and the Ohio carriers will be paid from the Cincinnati office. "The old system was all right," said Supt. Machen, "when rural free delivery was in its infancy, but now that there are over 6,000 carriers on the rolls, it has been found to be entirely unsatisfactory on account of the great delay caused."

Rear Admiral Schley had a conference with his counsel today to consider what civil action can be taken against the author or publishers of Maclay's history, which was the cause of the recent court of inquiry.

OHIO RAILROADS.

Annual Report of the Railway Commissioner.

Columbus, Dec. 28.—State Railway Commissisoner Morris has completed his annual report from which the following statistics are taken:

Total number of railroad employes in Ohio for 1901, 66,249, decrease of 2.33 per cent over last year; total mileage operated, 13,902.98, an increase of 2.60 per cent over 1900; total number of persons injured on railroads 6,978, decrease of 10.36 per cent; passengers killed, 7, injured, 304; travelers on highways, killed 82, injured 160; trespassers, killed 342, injured 394; employes killed 167, injured 5,513, total killed 607; total number of passengers carried in Ohio in 1901, 26,510,293; number of deaths 7, or one in every 3,644,470.

Passenger earnings per mile in 1901, $1,186.21, an increase of 11.14 per cent; total number of tons transported, 117,628,852, an increase of 8.25 per cent; average receipt per ton per mile 53.5, decrease of 8.8 cents; grand total of all train mileage 77,386,490 miles; number of locomotives in service, 6,535 number of passenger cars, 4,806; number of freight cars, 315,473; number of cars operated under lease, 38,955; number of electric railroads incorporated within the year, 96, with a total stock of $24,316,000.

SUIT AGAINST TRADES UNION.

British Railway Company Sues for $100,000.

London, Dec. 28.—In the suit of the Taff Vale railway against the Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants, an important trades union case, the plaintiffs filed a statement yesterday claiming £24,626 damages suffered through an alleged conspiracy and unlawful combination. The claim is against Richard Bell, member of parliament for Derby and general secretary of the Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants, and against the trustees of the society, as well as against the society itself.

NEGOTIATIONS REOPENED.

Miss Stone May be Released Within Two Weeks.

Constantinople, Dec. 28.—Dispatches from Salonica report that W. W. Peet, treasurer of the missionary society in Constantinople, has established communications with the brigands who hold Miss Ellen M. Stone captive and hopes that the release of Miss Stone will be accomplished within a fortnight.

NEARBY TOWNS.

HARMON-EMMONS.

Canal Fulton, Dec. 28.—The marriage of Miss Esther Harmon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Harmon, and John Emmons, of Ashland, took place at the bride's home in this place on Wednesday evening. The Rev. E. R. Willard, of the Reformed church, officiated. Mr. and Mrs Emmons will live in Ashland.

AT THE HOSPITAL.

Christmas Week Notes from the Institution.

SOME AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHY.

Views About the Hospital Grounds Will be Seen at Future Stereopticon Entertainments—William McKinley Hall is the Scene of the Weekly Dance.

During the past few weeks the amateur photographers of the institution have been taking views of the hospital buildings and of scenes about the hospital grounds. They have also secured some excellent views of some of the patients as they are seen at their work. These views are being prepared for the stereoscope and will be given at the stereopticon entertainments. The first of the series of these entertainments will be given in about two weeks. The hospital views will not be ready by that time but it is expected that they will be shown at the next entertainment.

The new bowling alleys in the basement of William McKinley hall are now fitted up and are in running order. The employes are very enthusiastic over the game, and whenever off duty find much pleasure and healthful exercise in bowling.

Dr. Eyman says that Mayor Wise has challenged him to bowl ten pins and that the challenge has been accepted. The date for the contest has not yet been fixed but will be in the near future. Both contestants are confident of victory and the contest promises to be strong and exciting. The loser is to furnish cigars to all who want them.

A bowling team composed of outside employes and one of inside employes will contest for honors in the alleys on New Year's afternoon.

The weekly dance was held for the first time in the auditorium of William McKinley hall Tuesday evening. The hard polished floor of the new building is much easier to dance on than the rough marble floor of the dining room. The largest crowd of the season was present, including many people from Canton and Navarre.

The work of grading and leveling about the hospital building has been suspended for the present and the workmen are now engaged in cutting out and constructing a road through the woodland tract on the east side of the hospital farm. This is the beginning of the conversion of the woodland into a park.

A ball for the employes of the Massillon state hospital will be held in the auditorium of William McKinley hall New Year's night. This is an annual affair and is for the employes only.

On account of the holiday season the lectures for the nurses were not given Friday afternoon. They will be resumed next week.

The pharmacy department has been moved from the hospital building to rooms in the basement of the new building, and has been enlarged and improved.

Supervisor Howard Dyson, who has had a severe attack of measles, is now convalescent.

Dr. E. L. Emerick will spend Sunday at his home in Wooster.

Miss Foster, Miss Shaffer and Miss Edwards, all nurses, are off duty on account of illness. Miss Foster will soon leave for the south, where she will remain for one month in quest of better health.

Mrs. Fry has resigned her position as nurse and will leave soon.

INDEPENDENT

WANTED.

RIGHT industrious young man w arranged to attend Business wants a place to work for board (private family preferred); can well the care of horses and can do of work about the house or barn; make engagement for ten or twelve For further particulars use M phone 11, or call at Business office.

EVERYBODY to know that Oken ice Creepers and the best in A 25c a pair. For sale by Hermann 22 West Main street.

GIRL—For general housework family. Inquire at the residenc S. Stoehr, 65 S. East street.

GIRL for general housework. Inquire of C M. McLain 24 Hig

GIRLS For dishwashers, at Miller

GIRL — For general housework. Melville Everhard, 31 South Hi

HORSE—Will trade piano. Call at Smith's music store, 5 W. Main

HOUSE—Six to eight rooms centrally located. Address E sole care Massillon Tel. Co

MEN—We want men to learn the trade, only eight weeks requir advantages of steady practice and instructions saves years of apprent we present tools, grant diploma, shop experience and wages Saturd guarantee positions; we placed graduates in shops, hotels, hospitals trains and soldiers' homes as bar splendid salary. Write nearest Bra free catalogue.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COAL—Order Kryder coal from Ha bank at Geo. Rink, Massillon, P

SAVE your Christmas money. The Massillon Savings & Banking Co. wi you a safe and pay interest on your d

LOST.

LOST—Belt purse, containing mon tween Bee Hive, on Main street south on Mill to South street please leave at this office and rece ward.

DOG—Red Irish setter. Return t Croxton, 108 Akron street, and $5 reward

KEYS—A bunch of 12 small keys. Please leave at Independent offi

POCKETBOOK — Containing a s purse and $5. Finder return to W Hodgett, No. 3 East Tremont st., a ceive reward

SPECTACLES—A pair of gold sp between Ellery's and West Broa Finder leave at Independent office

FOUND.

BASKET of dry goods. Owner ca same by calling at 59 Wootter describing property and paying for t

RING—A child's gold ring, corner and Mill streets. Owner can hav by calling at this office proving own and paying for this advertisement.

For Sale or Rent.

THE N. P. Bailey property, cor North and High streets. Will at a sacrifice if at once. W. E. N. perly, over 14 South Erie St.

QUICK

F. O. Hum for New York day, to inspec goods, to be o'clock Thurs night at 6:3("Goods were and stuff is g

The Date of Our will be Ann

HUMB DR WARWICK

WEF Great Clo See These Specials.

20 pounds Granulate C Sugar, 25 pounds, Package Coffee 10 an Navy Beans, 6c per q 12½c Prunes 10c. 7c Prunes for 5c. Jumbo Pickles, regul 10c, 3 dozen for 25c. Can of Peas 5c. High Grade Cream B now 10c per pound Fine Fresh Mixed Nu

Special Sale on all Holida

We have no place to stc Goods, they must be so

Bahney's Bookstore,

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